

## Challenges and Opportunities:

## Nuclear Technologies and ANS

Presentation to Trinity Section  
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Vice President/President Elect

May 1, 2015



## Just a little about me



- **BS Physics, MS Nuclear Engineering, RPI**
- **MBA, Virginia Commonwealth University**
- **38 years with Dominion**
  - Licensed SRO at Surry
  - Plant Manager at North Anna
  - Site VP at Surry and Millstone
  - Executive responsibility at one point or another for engineering, project management, licensing, nuclear training, emergency planning, fuel management
  - 8 years chairman of fleet wide Nuclear Safety Review Board
  - Over a decade leading new plant development; ESP and COL submittals
- **Extensive involvement with EPRI, NEI, INPO, DOE, GIF, and various academic, laboratory and industrial review boards**
- **Consulting since January 2014**

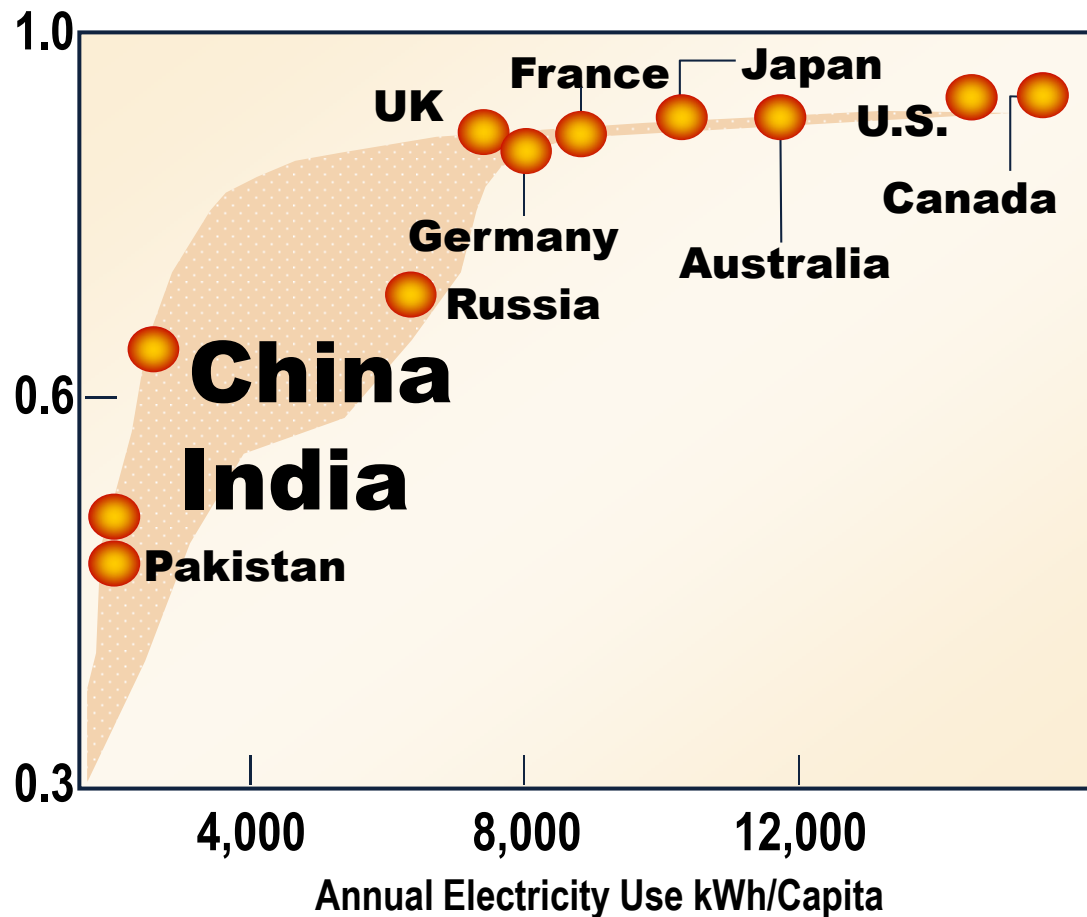
# Access to Energy = Quality of Life



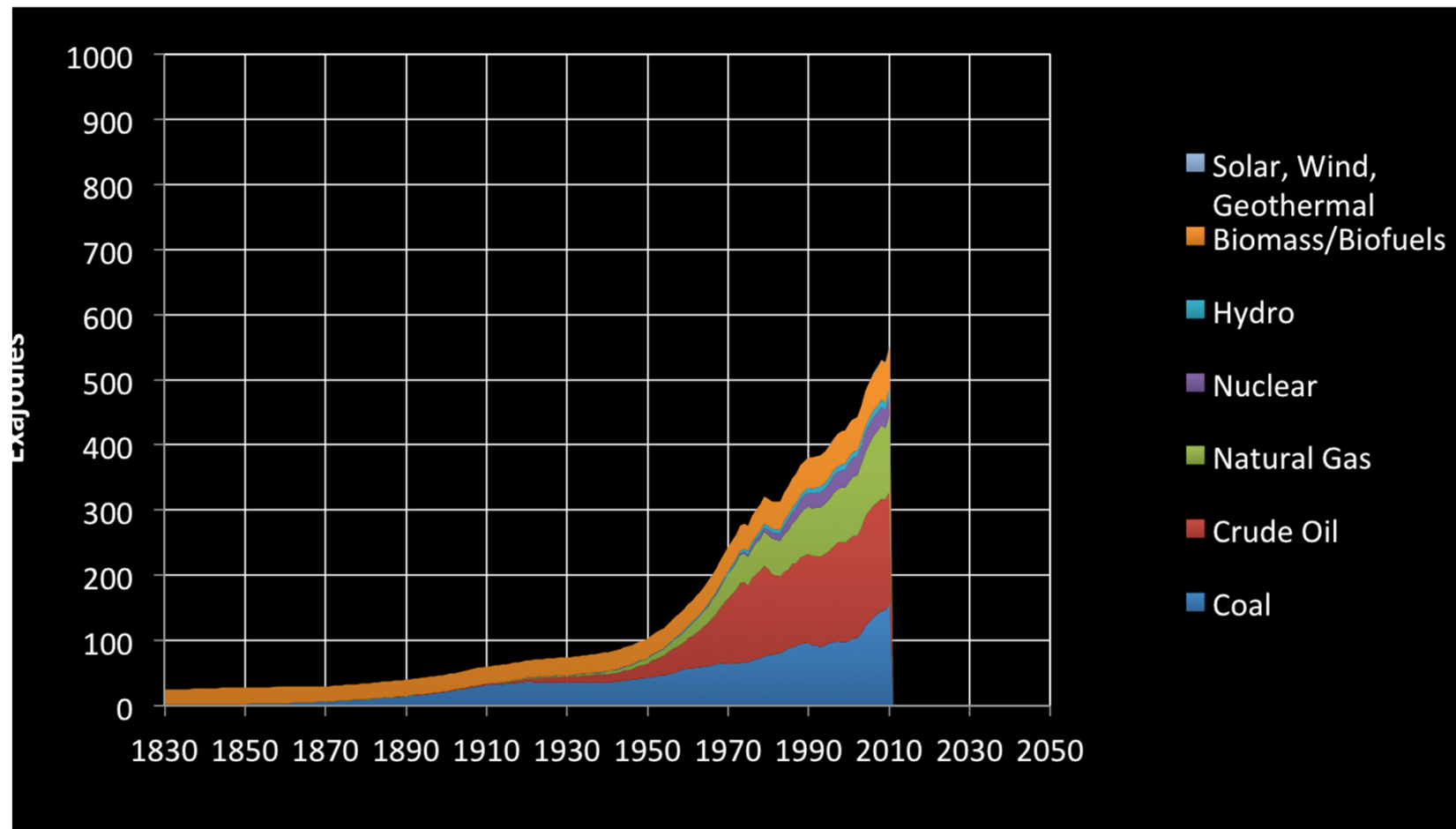
# ANS

# 80%

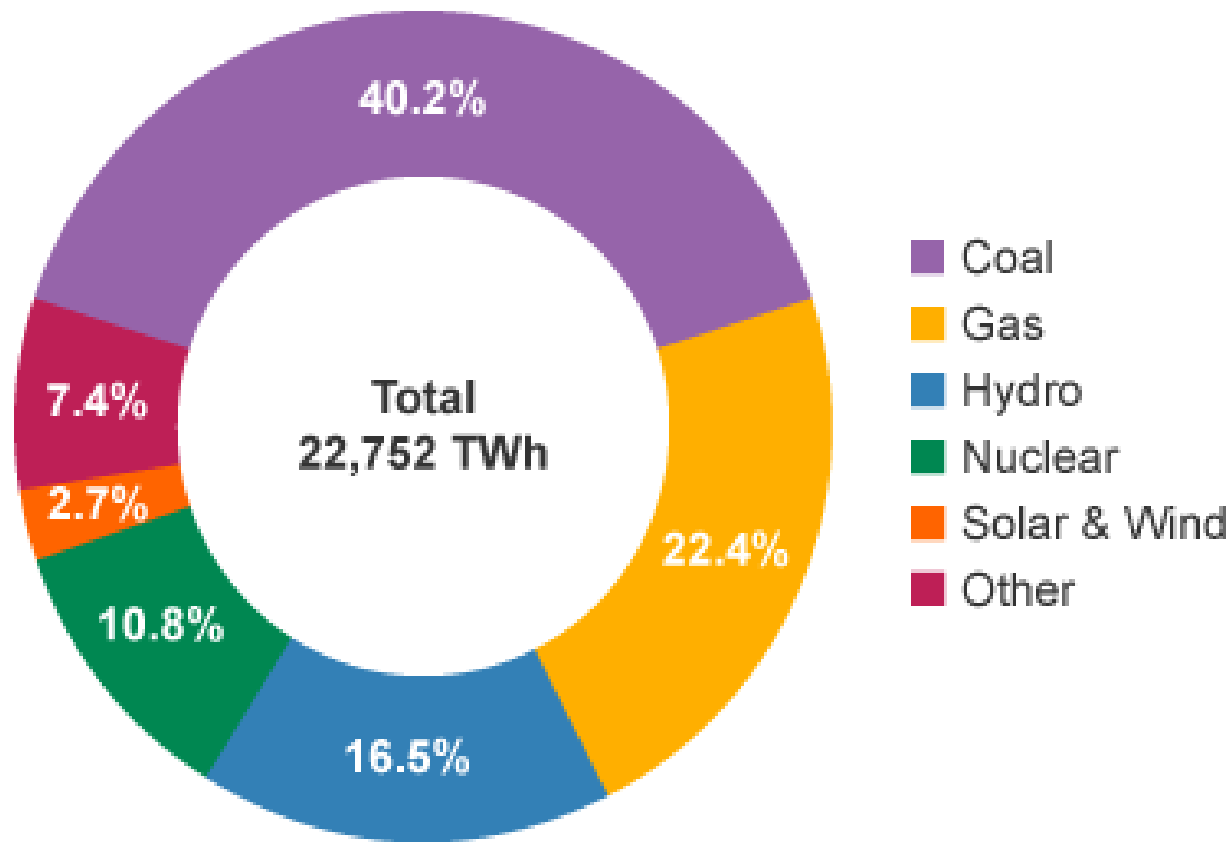
of the world's population is below 0.8 on the UN's Human Development Index (HDI)



# World Primary Energy Consumption



# Bulk of World Wide Energy Consumption is Carbon Based



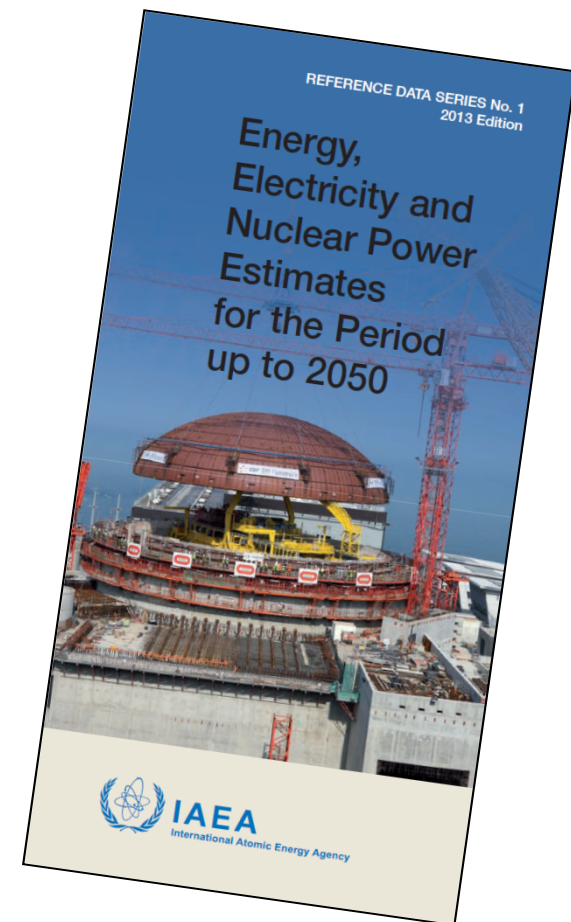


# ANS

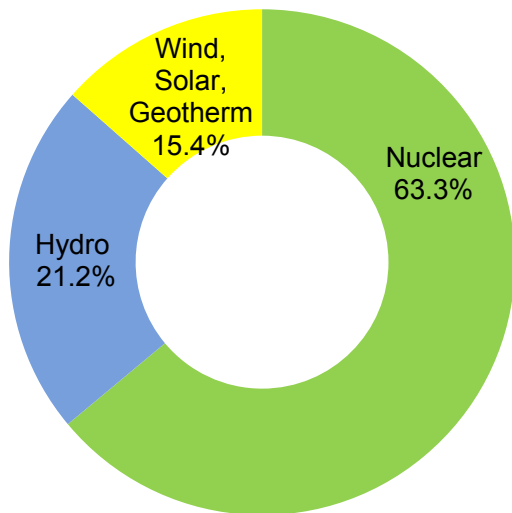
## International Nuclear Energy Growth

According to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) annual report:

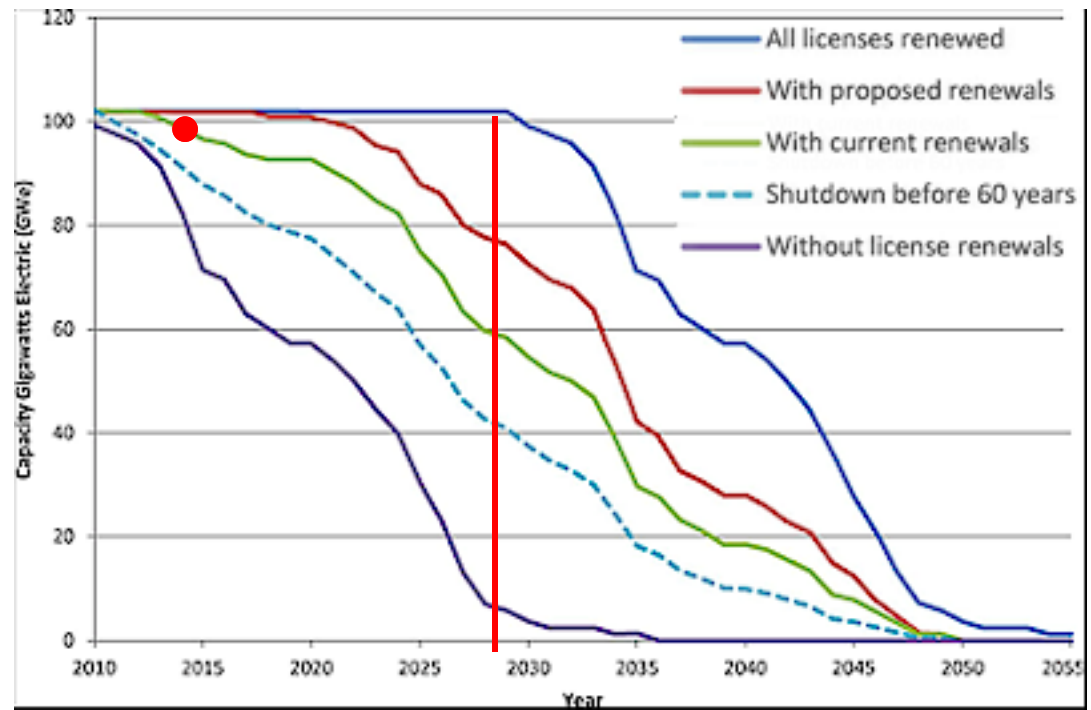
- “Low Case” nuclear power capacity is expected to expand **67** GW(e) by 2050
- “High Case” increase **740** GW(e) by 2050



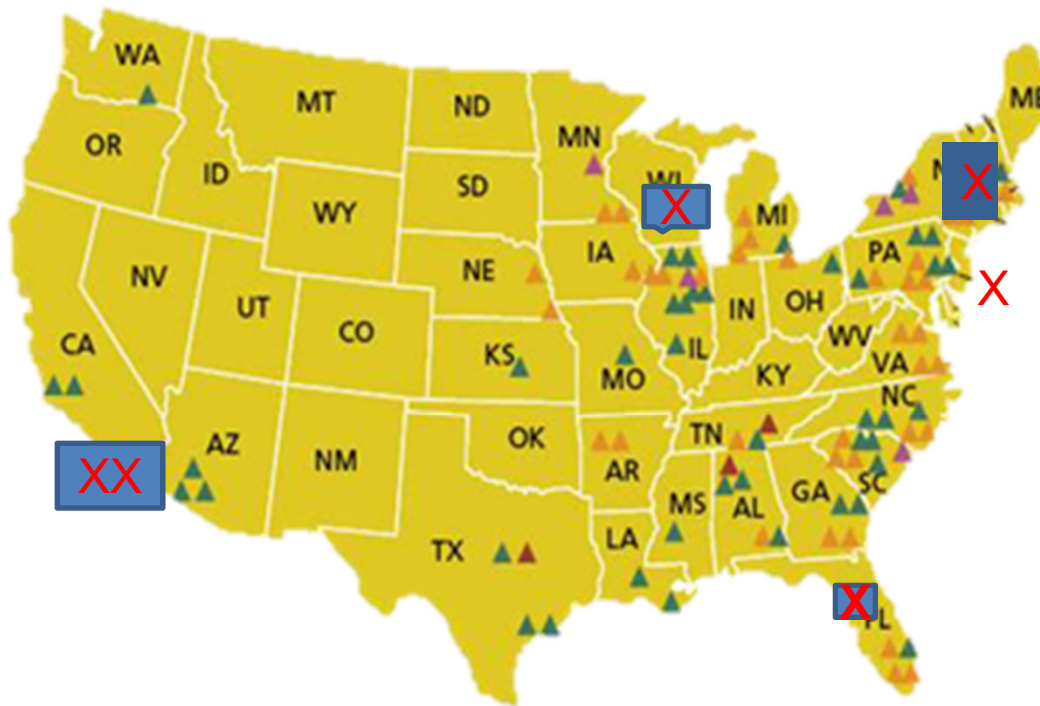
# Clean energy contributions of the current U.S. nuclear fleet



2013



## Five US nuclear units shut down since 2013



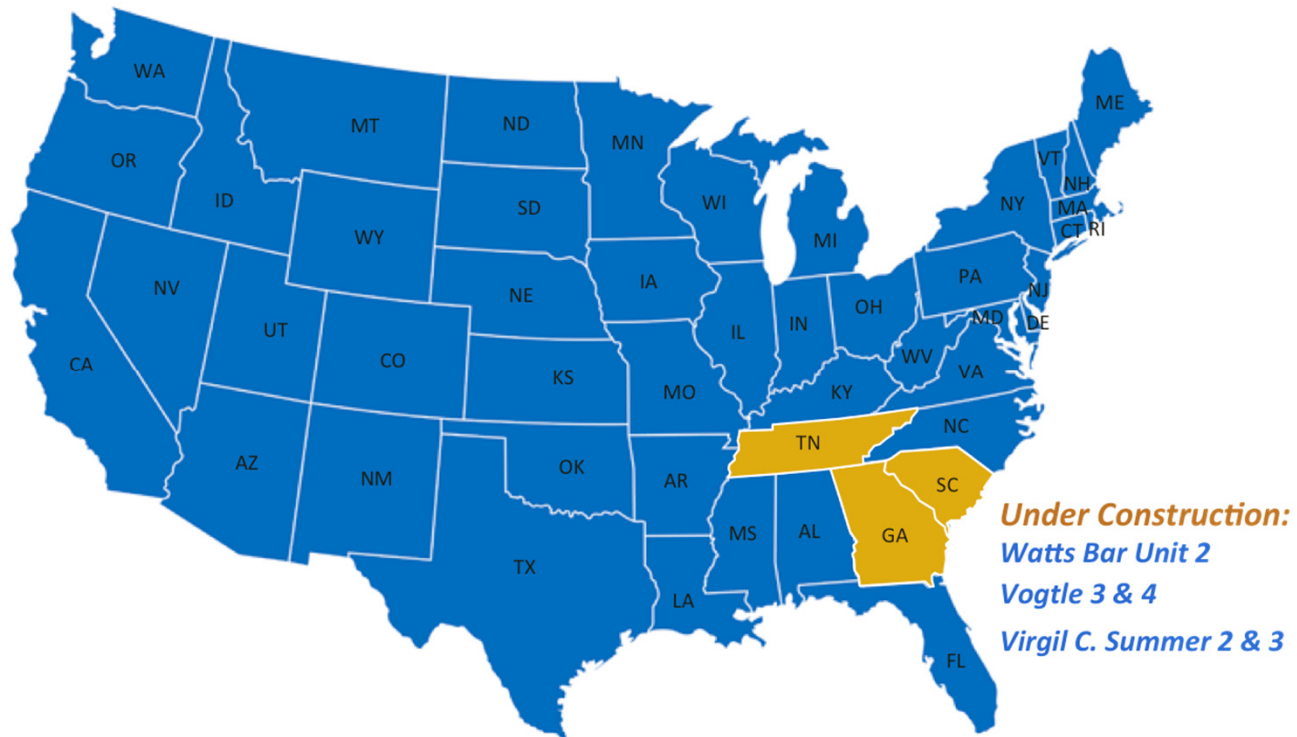
Oyster Creek (NJ) scheduled to close in 2019



# Five New Units Under Construction in the US

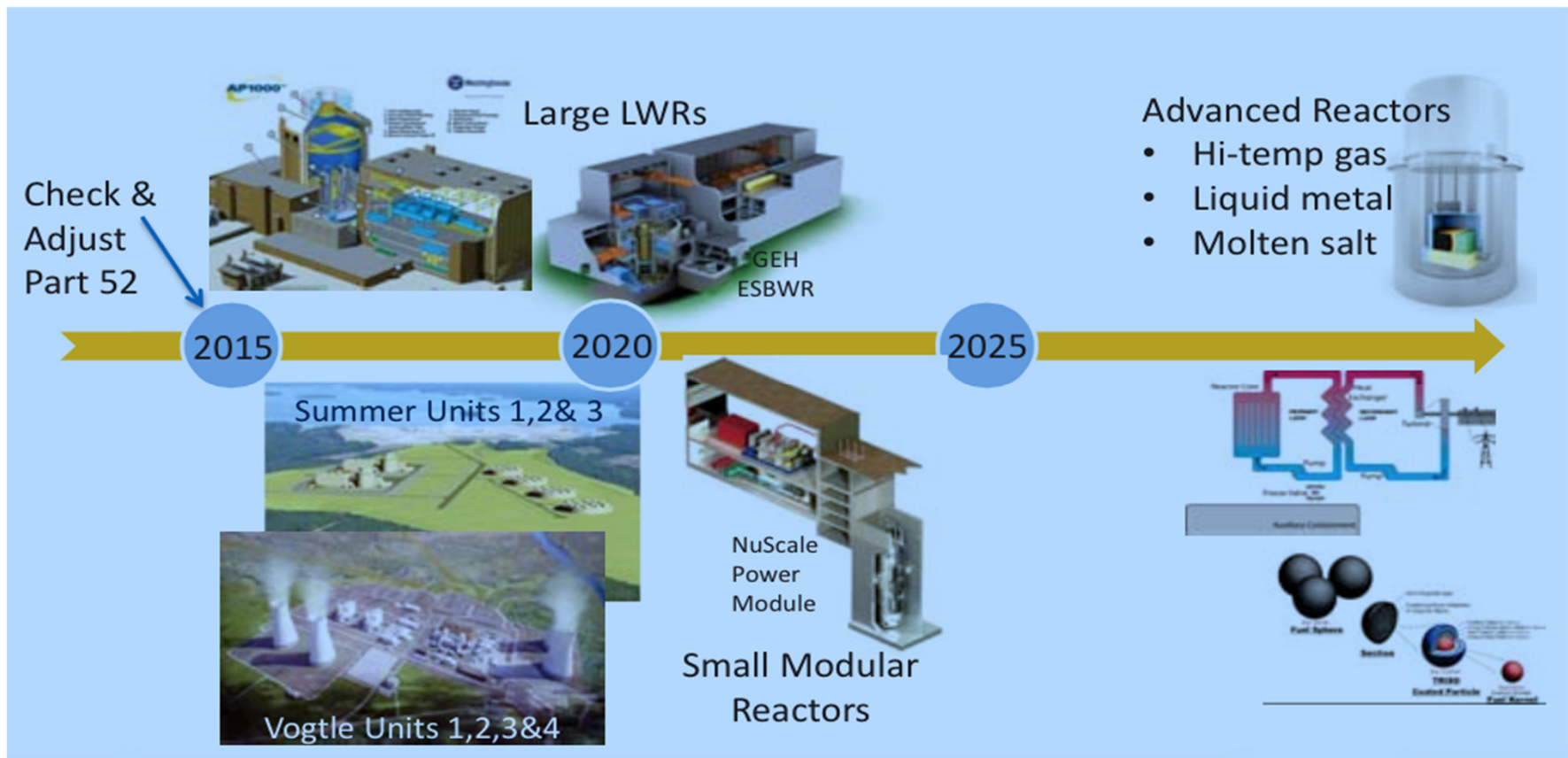


# ANS



Source: NEI - Nuclear Units Under Construction Worldwide

# One Industry View of the Future....



But how does this technology ever reach the market?

## The Path Forward May Not Be Familiar



# ANS

- The gas bubble will probably be with us for awhile...this is good news for the US economy overall
- Large scale coal plant retirements are probable
- Will there be a carbon policy?
- Are there better technological options?
  
- Is the current power generation business model even sustainable?

## Challenges to the current model



- **Government actions are hostile**
  - Demand suppression by policy
  - Intermittent sources subsidized and guaranteed a return
  - Coal under attack
- **No consistent energy policy**
- **Grid model questioned**
- **“A history of replacing what worked with what sounded good” (Thomas Sowell)**

# Technology Change over 40 years causes disruptive industry change



- **Just one example: Entertainment Media**
  - 1974 music on 8 tracks, records and cassettes (not portable)
  - 1975 first mass market VCR's
  - 1979 Sony Walkman personal cassette player
  - 1982 First home CD players
  - 1985 First Blockbuster store opens
  - 1997 first DVD titles available
  - 1998 Netflix founded
  - 2001 First generation iPod
  - 2008 CD sales drop 20% from peak
  - 2013 Blockbuster closes all remaining stores
  - 2014 All physical media sales and rentals down significantly

Over this same period, the Nuclear and Utility business model has been relatively static



- Present model of regulated electric utilities dates to 1935 (PUHCA)
- Merchant generation (and deregulation) grows in the 1990's
- 1970-1990: bulk of US nuclear units; last new unit in 1996
- 2005-2008: "Nuclear Renaissance", planned units as large as 1600 Mwe
- Fundamental power plant design looks much as it did 40 years ago

## Are there technological solutions?



- Small modular reactors *promise* lower capital investments and ability to better match demand
- Passive designs and core protection not dependent on AC power *could* reduce emergency planning zones to site boundary
- Integrated fuel cycle solutions, including fast reactors, *could* address the long lived used fuel issue

## From Challenges Come Opportunities



- Regulated utilities are required to meet demand
- New reactor designs to better reflect future needs
- Nuclear for non electric power generation applications
- Fuel cycle and safety improvements
- Influencing public opinion and policy



- EPA proposed Clean Power rule did not recognize nuclear contribution adequately
- Proposed Senate language last year in Section 402 (Appropriations) to remove isotope regulation from NRC
- Proposed NRC changes to 10CFR20 to reduce allowable occupational dose
- Export controls

# Rising to the Global Challenge

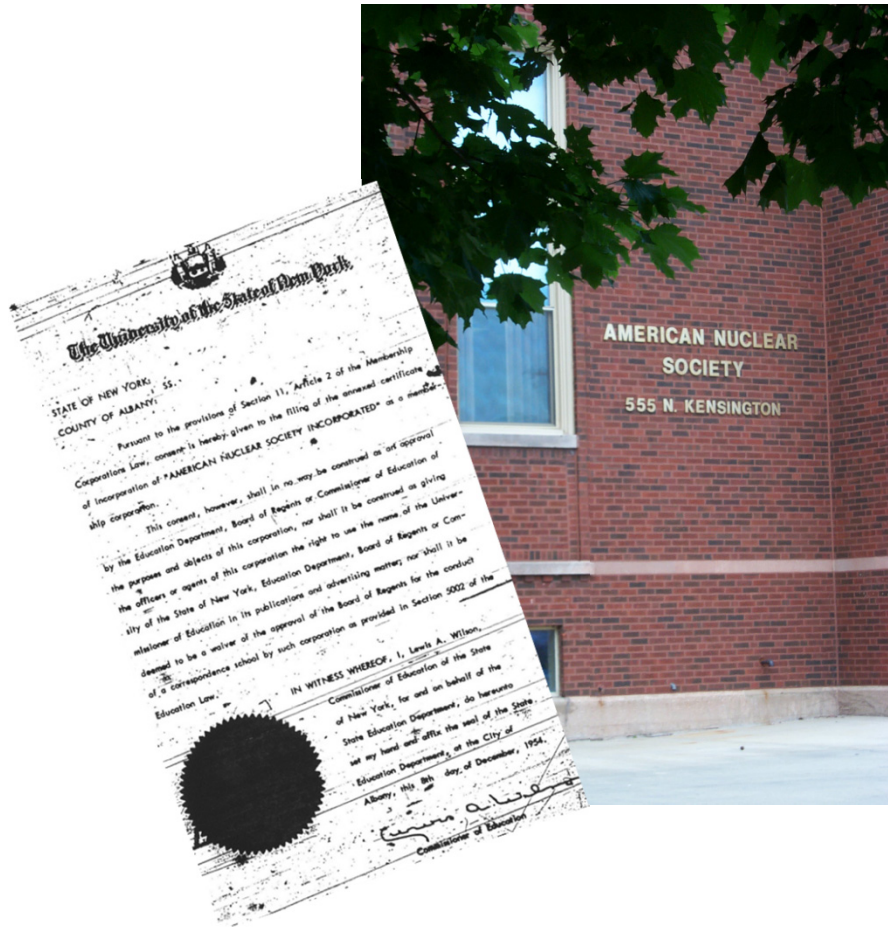


The American Nuclear Society through its position statements and interactions with policy makers is committed to:

- Treat our existing reactor fleet as a national asset
- Encourage DOD to be an eager lead customer of SMRs
- Be timely and flexible negotiating 123 agreements
- Improve the 810 process
- Be aggressive with export financing
- Invest in human infrastructure
- Develop a sensible waste policy
- Promote and encourage research
- Establish policy based on real science



# About ANS

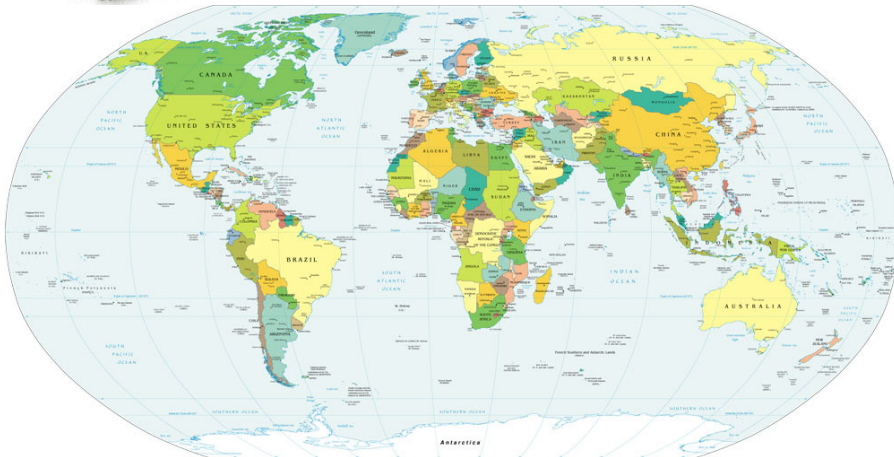


- Founded in December 1954
- Creates a forum for knowledge sharing
- Convenes countless conferences
- Stimulates discussion and debate among professionals
- Fosters interest in the profession
- Provides recognition for excellence
- Influences the conversation about nuclear with those outside the field

# Some Vital Statistics



- More than 11,000 individual members
- Nearly 100 organizational members
- International alliances, bilateral agreements with some 30 nuclear societies outside the U.S.
- Over 60 local sections (including 9 outside the U.S.)
- 20 specialty professional divisions and technical groups including the Young Members Group
- More than 30 local student sections



# Some Recent ANS Initiatives



- “Nuclear Equality” comments to EPA
- Radiation Dose Communications Summit (with HPS)
- Radioisotope language coalition
- Special Committee on Radiation Effects and Dose (coming soon)
- Special Committee on Nuclear in the States (coming soon)



## Challenges facing ANS Threaten Long Term Viability...but Opportunities Beckon



- Woefully low participation by the utility sector
- Decreasing meeting attendance
- Decreasing publication revenue (changes in the journal model)
- Cutbacks in government travel
- Aging of the membership

ANS must seek to consistently Add Value

## What You Can Do



- Actively promote ANS membership among your friends and colleagues
- Confront junk science and misinformation wherever you encounter it
- Promote ANS conferences as site for topical meetings



The **WORLD** needs.....

**NUCLEAR**



**NUCLEAR** needs....

